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Thin-layer chromatography of some α , β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds. Ill

Thin-layer chromatographic (TLC) separations on silica gel and polyamide plates of some α,β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds of the chalcone type and their derivatives have been reported in the literature¹⁻⁸. We have examined ninety-three

TABLE I hR_F values of some a, β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds of formula

Length of run 10 cm; chamber saturation at 20°.

No.	Compound		
	Ar	R	
r	Diphenyl		64
I 2	Diphenyl	3-Hydroxy	27
3	Diphenyl	4-Hydroxy	60
4.	Diphenyl	2-Chloro	69
5	Diphenyl	3-Chloro	62
5 6	Diphenyl	2,6-Dichloro	72
	Diphenyl	2-Methyl	61
7 8	Diphenyl	3-Methyl	71
9	Diphenyl	4-Methyl	70
ó	Diphenyl	3-Methoxy	61
1	Diphenyl	3-Hydroxy-4-methoxy	55
2	Diphenyl	4-Hydroxy-3-methoxy	17 .
3	Diphenyl	3,4-Dimethoxy	29
4	Diphenyl	4-Nitro	64
5	Diphenyl	3,4-Methylenedioxy	58
ĕ	Diphenyl	5-Bromo-4-hydroxy-3-methoxy	60
7	Diphenyl	5-Bromo-3,4-dimethoxy	48
8	Diphenyl	6-Bromo-3,4-dimethoxy	38
9	Diphenyl	6-Nitro-3,4-dimethoxy	17
9	1-Naphthyl	0-141110-3,4-difficultoxy	60
1	1-Naphthyl	2-Bromo	
2	1-Naphthyl	4-Bromo	57
	v Namhthai	2,6-Dichloro	52
3	1-Naphthyl		72
4	1-Naphthyl	3-Methyl	51
5	I-Naphthyl	4-Dimethylamino	46
6	I-Naphthyl	5-Bromo-2-hydroxy	31
7	r-Naphthyl	6-Bromo-3,4-methylenedioxy	56
8	I-Naphthyl	5-Bromo-3,4-dimethoxy	37
9	r-Naphthyl	6-Bromo-3,4-dimethoxy	5
O	4-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl	3-Methyl	30
I	4-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl	2-Chloro	24
2	4-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl	4-Chloro	32
3	4-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl	4-Dimethylamino	20
4	4-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl	3,4-Dimethoxy	6
5	4-Methoxy-1-naphthyl		58
6	4-Methoxy-1-naphthyl	4-Methyl	59
7	4-Methoxy-1-naphthyl	4-Methoxy	44
8	4-Methoxy-1-naphthyl	3-Hydroxy	19
39	4-Methoxy-1-naphthyl	4-Chloro	61
,o	4-Methoxy-1-naphthyl	4-Nitrob	9
I	2-Methoxy-1-naphthyl	4-Methyl	34

TABLE I (continued)

√o	Compound		hR_F a
	Ar	R	
	2-Naphthyl	4-Bromo	72
	2-Naphthyl	4-Methoxy ^b	'8
	2-Naphthyl	2,6-Dichloro	68
	2-Naphthyl	5-Bromo-2-hydroxy	29
	2-Naphthyl	5-Bromo-3,4-dimethoxy	7
	2-Naphthyl	6-Bromo-3,4-methylenedioxy	58
	2-Naphthyl	6-Nitro-3,4-dimethoxy	26
٠.	1-Hydroxy-2-naphthyl	4-Hydroxy	66
	1-Methoxy-2-naphthyl	4-Methyl	52
	1-Methoxy-2-naphthyl	2-Methoxy	б2,
	1-Methoxy-2-naphthyl	4-Methoxy	48
	1-Methoxy-2-naphthyl	2,3-Dimethoxy	34
	1-Methoxy-2-naphthyl	3,4-Dimethoxy	21
	1-Methoxy-2-naphthyl	4-Dimethylamino	33
	2-Phenanthryl	2-Bromo	. 61
	2-Phenanthryl	3-Hydroxy	23
	2-Phenanthryl	4-Hydroxy	5 6
	2-Phenanthryl	2-Methoxy	59
	2-Phenanthryl	2,3-Dimethoxy	65
	2-Phenanthryl	3,4-Dimethoxy	28
	2-Phenanthryl	4-Dimethylamino	55
	2-Phenanthryl	6-Bromo-3,4-methylenedioxy	53
	3-Phenanthryl	2-Bromo	53
	9-Anthryl	2-Nitro	39
	2-Thienyl	-	64
	2-Thienyl	3-Hydroxy	23
	2-Thienyl	4-Hydroxy	20
	2-Thienyl	4-Methoxy	51
	2-Thienyl	3-Chloroc	, 6r
	2-Thienyl	4-Chloro	6 r
	2-Thienyl	2-Nitro	29
	2-Thienyl	3-Nitro	37
	2-Thienyl	4-Nitrob	10
	2-Thienyl	4-Dimethylamino	42
	2-Thienyl	3-Hydroxy-4-methoxy	17
	2-Thienyl	3,4-Methylenedioxy	49
	2,4-Dimethylphenyl	4-Dimethylamino	55
	5-Nitro-2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	a Matheil	12
	5-Nitro-2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	2-Methyl	24 9
	5-Nitro-2,4-dimethoxyphenyl 5-Nitro-2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	4-Bromo 4-Hydroxy-3-methoxy	8 10
	5-Nitro-2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	3,4-Dimethoxy	6
	5-Nitro-2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	5-Bromo-2-hydroxy	. 8
	5-Nitro-2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	5-Bromo-3,4-dimethoxy	
	5-Nitro-2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	6-Bromo-3,4-methylenedioxy	37
-		0-Diomo-3,4-methylenedioxy	53
– C	CO-CH = CH-Ar' Ar	Ar	
	Diphenyl	2-Furyl	65
	Diphenyl	2-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl	62
	5-Nitro-2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	i-Naphthyl	8
	5-Nitro-2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	2-Furyl	9
	1-Naphthyl	2-Furyl	59
	2-Methoxy-1-naphthyl	2-Furyl	59 52
	2-Naphthyl	I-Naphthyl	66

<sup>Average of the results of two separate measurements.
Dissolved in dioxan for its application as a spot on TLC plate.
Reference compound.</sup>

 α,β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds by TLC on silica gel using petroleum ether (b.p. 40-60°)-ethyl acetate (5:1) as the mobile phase. The hR_F values (hR_F = $R_F \times 100$) of these compounds are reported in this communication.

Experimental and results

The hR_F values were determined by TLC on 20 \times 20 cm glass plates, each of which was coated with a suspension of 6.6 g of Silica Gel G (Merck, G. F. R.) slurried with 25 ml of ethyl acetate. The compounds were applied, as spots, to the dried TLC plate in ethyl acetate or dioxan solutions as described in the literature.

The chromatoplates were developed in equilibrated tanks lined with Whatman No. 3MM filter-paper saturated with freshly prepared solvent mixture. The spots on the thin-layer chromatogram were identifiable by their yellow colour in daylight, which became intensely coloured on brief exposure to iodine vapour, or by the characteristic halochromic colours developed after spraying the layer with concentrated sulphuric acid.

The compounds required for the study were prepared by the Claisen-Schmidt reaction, and were purified by several recrystallisations from appropriate solvent(s). The hR_F values are listed in Table I.

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